# 896

# April 2015

#### <u>Time - Three hours</u> (Maximum Marks: 75)

- [N.B: (1) Answer any fifteen questions in PART A and division (A) or division (B) of each question in PART B.
  - (2) Each question carries 1 (one) mark in PART A and 12 (twelve) marks in PART B.]

## PART - A

- 1. Define a symmetrical network.
- 2. What is an equaliser?
- 3. List the types of filters.
- 4. Define polarisation of an antenna.
- 5. Mention the types of modulation.
- 6. List the advantages of SSB signal.
- 7. Define AGC.
- 8. How do you select IF value?
- 9. Write any one effect of noise in FM.
- 10. Mention the types of FM detectors.
- 11. What is AFC?
- 12. What are the types of pulse modulation?
- Define microphone.
- Compare carbon and condenser microphones.
- Mention the types of loud speaker.
- 16. What is DTS?
- 17. What is scanning?
- 18. Mention the elements of composite video signal.
- Compare LED and LCD display units.
- 20. What is CCTV?

[Turn over.....

## PART - B

21. (A) Explain about the different types of filters.

(Or)

- (B) Explain about the working of parabolic reflector antenna.
- 22. (A) Explain about AM VSB system.

(Or)

- (B) Explain the super heterodyne receiver with block diagram.
- 23. (A) Explain about the direct FM transmitter with a block diagram.

(Or)

- (B) Explain the generation and detection of PPM signal.
- (A) Explain the construction and working of dynamic cone type loudspeaker.

(Or)

- (B) Explain the working of Dolby system.
- 25. (A) Explain the working of colour CCD camera.

(Or)

(B) Write notes on: (i) CCTV (ii) Cable TV.

185/598-2